

8.2 Journeys

GOALS ■ Talk about transport ■ Use *should, shouldn't, have to, don't have to*

Vocabulary & Listening transport

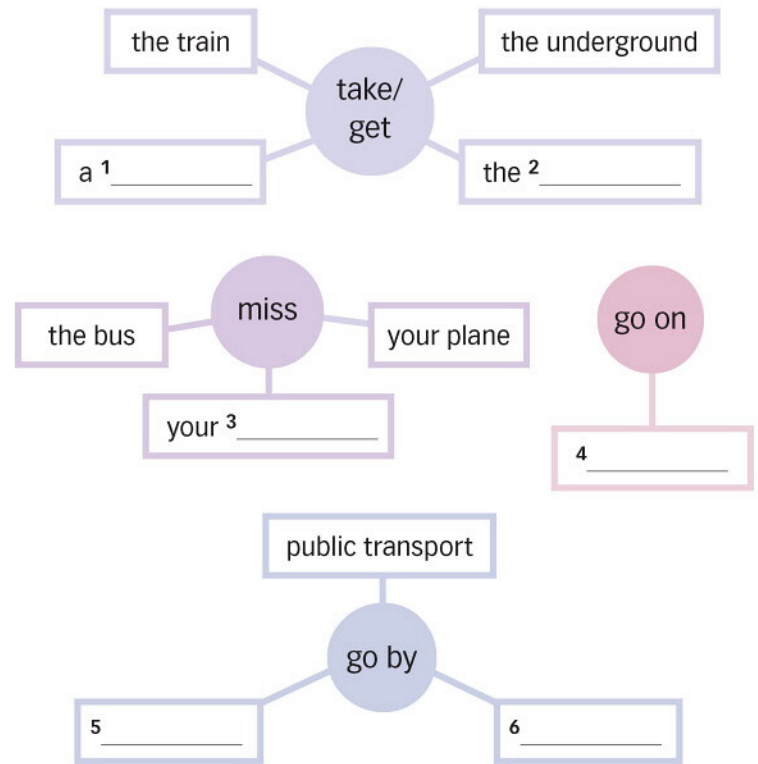
1 Work with a partner. What kinds of transport can you see in the photos? What other ways can we travel from place to place?



2a 8.8)) Listen to five people talking about their journeys to work. Match speakers 1-5 to photos a-e.

b 8.8)) Listen again and complete the diagrams with the words in the box. Compare with a partner.

car bike train foot taxi bus underground



c 8.9)) Listen and check your answers.

3a Make sentences that are true for you. Use the phrases in *italics* or your own ideas.

- 1 It's *easy/difficult* for me to go to *class/work/college* by *public transport/underground/bus*.
- 2 I *often/sometimes/never* take *taxis/buses/trains*.
- 3 I *like/don't like* taking the *underground/bus/train* in big cities.
- 4 Yesterday I went by *one/two/more than two* kind(s) of transport.
- 5 I *often/sometimes/never* miss *buses/trains/planes*.
- 6 My favourite kind of transport is *on foot/by bike/by car/by train* because ...

b Work in small groups. Read your sentences to each other. Ask and answer questions to find out more.

- A *I sometimes take taxis.*
 B *Do you? When?*
 A *In bad weather, but they're very expensive.*

Reading & Grammar *should, shouldn't, have to, don't have to*

4 Work with a partner. Look at photos 1–4. What do you think are the good and bad things about each kind of transport? Use the ideas in the box to help you.

quick/slow dangerous/safe comfortable price weather

Photo 1 could be dangerous because ...

5a Read the article and write the kind of transport under the correct photo. Compare your answers with a partner.

Getting around in Hanoi

Hanoi is a busy city of over six million people – what's the best way to get around?

CYCLO
Cyclos are a fun way to get around and they're good for the environment. You should have a map of the city, so you can show the driver where you want to go. Also, you shouldn't start your journey before you agree the price with the driver.

XE OM
A *xe om* is a motorbike taxi. The word *xe* means motorbike and *om* means hold. You should hold the driver, so you don't fall off! Your *xe om* driver has to give you a helmet and you have to wear it. It's against the law to travel without one.

TAXI
Air-conditioned taxis are a comfortable way to travel because it's usually so hot outside. But you shouldn't take a taxi when you need to get somewhere quickly. There's a lot of traffic in Hanoi and taxis don't go fast!

ON FOOT
You don't have to pay to see Hanoi – walking is free! We think it's the best way to see the street life of the city.

b Work with a partner. Which of your ideas in exercise 4 does the article talk about?

6 Look at the highlighted sentences in the article and match phrases 1–4 in the Grammar focus box to the correct meanings a–d.

GRAMMAR FOCUS
should, shouldn't, have to, don't have to

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| 1 should | a It's necessary. |
| 2 shouldn't | b It's the wrong thing to do, it is a bad idea. |
| 3 have to | c It's the right thing to do, it is a good idea. |
| 4 don't have to | d It's not necessary. |

→ Grammar Reference page 151



1 _____

2 _____



3 _____

4 _____

PRONUNCIATION sentence stress

7a 8.10))) Listen and notice the stressed words.

- | | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| 1 You should have a map ... | 3 You have to wear it. |
| 2 You shouldn't take a taxi ... | 4 You don't have to pay ... |

b 8.10))) Listen again and repeat.

8a Work with a partner. Use your own ideas to complete the sentences with *have to, don't have to, should* or *shouldn't*.

- You _____ drink a lot of coffee on long plane journeys.
- You _____ drive on the left side of the road in Japan.
- You _____ wear a seat belt for the whole journey on a plane.
- You _____ wear a helmet when riding a bike.
- You _____ get up and walk around on long train journeys.

b Compare your ideas with another pair.

9a **TASK** Work with a partner. Write a list of 'rules' for public transport using *should, shouldn't, have to* or *don't have to*. Use the ideas in the box to help you.

music food give your seat have a ticket feet bags wear seat belt stand in a queue at bus stop

You shouldn't put your feet on the seat on public transport.

b Compare your answers with another pair.